

THE VALENTINE DEMOCRAT

I. M. RICE EDITOR

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CONVENTION CALLS

People's Independent Party

The People's Independent Party electors of Cherry County are requested to send delegates from their several precincts to meet in County Convention in Valentine, Nebraska, on Saturday, June 20, 1900, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing seven delegates to the state convention, to be held at Lincoln, July 11, 1900; seven delegates to the congressional convention, to be held at Broken Bow, July 9, 1900; seven delegates to the senatorial and seven delegates to the representative conventions, not yet called; to place in nomination a candidate for County Attorney; and to transact such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

The delegates from the First Commissioner District will also meet in convention immediately after the adjournment of the county convention and place in nomination a candidate for County Commissioner for the full term of three years; and the delegates from the Third Commissioner District will meet in convention immediately after the adjournment of the county convention and place in nomination a candidate for County Commissioner to fill vacancy for the term of one year.

The representation from the various precincts will be based upon the vote cast for Hon. Silas A. Holcomb, in the general election of 1898, one delegate being allowed for each ten votes and major fraction thereof, and one delegate at large from each precinct, which makes the following apportionment:

It is recommended that the precinct primaries be held at the voting place in each precinct, June 22d, 1900, at 2 o'clock P. M., unless otherwise called by the precinct committee.

It is also recommended that no proxies be allowed but that the delegates present cast the full vote of the precinct.

J. W. BULLOCK, Secretary. A. M. MORRISSEY, Chairman.

Democratic Party

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The apportionment is the same as that of the People's Independent Party.

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It is also recommended that no proxies be allowed, but that the delegates present cast the full vote of the precinct.

I. M. RICE, Secretary. MARTIN CHRISTENSEN, Chairman.

McKinley and Roosevelt were nominated by acclamation at the Republican National Convention in Philadelphia today.

The platform condensed to plain and comprehensive language is a maintenance of the gold standard; favor trusts, but not too many of a kind, as that would hurt trade. Restrict foreign immigration to benefit the laboring man, and eight hours labor. Sorry for you Boers, but can't do any more for you. Protective tariff, of course. Rejoice in the Dingley law, the course of the administration with Spain and the Porto Rican tariff. Liberal pension laws. Still remember that we promised something to Cuba but it's very remote in our minds and don't bother us about it now. When we get full control of everything down there we'll dig up that promise. We want a canal across Panama but we won't tell you just where we want it nor which specific route. We rejoice in the acquisition of the Philippines and Porto Rico and approve of the incidents and results of the Spanish-American war.

FOR BRYAN AND TOWNE AT KANSAS CITY.

It is believed by the members of the People's Party generally that no better selection could have been made by them than that which was made at Sioux Falls for president and vice-president. The names of Bryan and Towne have a ring to them that is dear to the American people, and especially is this true where they are known. I believe these men to be the hope of the nation, and on them we should unite all the reform forces; yes, I will make it even stronger—we will unite all reforms under the banner of Bryan and Towne, and by so doing we can and will sweep the country.

The test is yet to come. There is no doubt but what these men will be nominated by the silver republican party. The question is, what will the democratic national convention do? Will they join with the People's Party and the Silver Republican party and select men who are the choice of the people. I believe they will if an effort is put forth to that end.

There is one argument, however, that

the democratic convention cannot well overlook, and that is that Towne will be nominated by two other conventions and it also requires all these forces to elect. In the states where the People's Party has control, they are only too anxious to unite the forces on this ticket. No Democrat who supported Mr. Bryan in '96 can refuse to do so now. Towne stood on the Chicago platform then, and he has not changed. Towne can, I believe, bring many thousand liberal Republicans to our support this fall. His location is certainly in a group of states where there is a bright hope of making gains, to-wit: Michigan, Minnesota, and North and South Dakota. In all of these states we believe we have a good chance to win, and being in the central west he is in a position to bring as much support as any man, from point of location.

To refuse to nominate Mr. Towne, we fear, will cause much feeling among the members of the People's Party and Silver Republicans, especially with the former, since they have, in making their nominations, selected men who are in every particular competent to fill these honored positions. Their action at Sioux Falls was free from partisanship; patriotism took possession of that body of voters and they have displayed a spirit which is unexcelled by any party recorded in history, and we appeal to our Democratic friends to meet us half way in this matter, by making Mr. Towne their nominee for the vice presidency. With this done we believe it will be a beginning of new things. A new era will be recorded, and this epoch will be marked as they record the actions of political parties as a diversion from the usual customs, and a reunition of the people on common ground for one common purpose, and that of making our government better by rising to a higher plane in the annals of American politics.

Let me urge upon you the necessity of making a strong appeal to our democratic friends who are delegates, to stand for Mr. Towne's nomination. It would probably be unwise to demand of them this action, but the power of persuasion between man and man will accomplish much, and especially is this true between friends. The exigencies of the case demand prompt action, as we have but three weeks in which to perform the very important work we have before us.

My brothers, let us be equal to the emergency and throw all of our powers and influence into this matter, not only by interviews and letters, but I believe we should assemble at Kansas City in delegations from each state in this union, for the purpose of meeting and mingling with the delegations from the various states who are democrats, and show them we are exceedingly in earnest in this matter, and if possible, to convince them that the hope of a great nation rests upon their actions. I believe they are patriots and will listen to our words with kindness, and when they have caught up the spirit which prevailed at Sioux Falls, we will all be under one banner shouting for Bryan and Towne, which means victory for our cause and country.

REPUBLICANS DISAPPOINTED IN OREGON

The Oregon election which occurred on the 5th inst does not bring the encouragement to the G. O. P. that was hoped by them it would.

Hon. J. H. Davis, better known as Cyclone Davis, of Texas, was in Oregon during the campaign and added much to the interest. Incident to the same, in writing to J. H. Edmisten, vice-chairman, of the situation has this to say: "We have broken the strongholds of the Republicans in this state. We elected twice the number of legislators as compared with former elections; we also elected the district attorney in Portland and will hereafter have an honest count."

The result in Portland is a decided change in our favor. Taking it as a whole, the fusionists have reason to rejoice over the outcome. It very perceptible to the average reader, that the Republican papers have been very tame in their reports of the Oregon election.

The arguments that have constantly been kept before the readers of the opposition press has been to the effect, that the great advantages given to the Pacific states by virtue of the war going on in the Philippines, and their opportunities to increase in commercial traffic, and consequently be personally benefitted does not, in this election, seem to work out according to the inspiration given through "Mark's News Bureau."

The voters along the Pacific slope know when they have been kept faith with and in expressing their will at the polls, have gently reminded the present administration of the fact that they are watching the action of Mr. McKinley in overriding the Chinese Exclusion Act, in landing thousands of Chinese and Japs in the Philippines who only have to be reloaded to bring them here, as the present administration assumes they have absolute control. When it is known the Philippine laborer receives the magnificent sum of six to fif-

teen cents per day for his labor, and those landing there will have to enter the labor market, asking the same wages or underbidding those already there it is easy to be seen that the crowded labor market and the underpaid laborer will at the first opportunity change their condition. And what is the most natural outcome of this over crowded condition in these new possessions? The answer is, they will swarm to the United States like flies and of course the Pacific states will be the first to be overtaken with this plague, and suffer from this influx of immigration, which have been half paid as well as half fed. They come as a menace to our laborers and at once force down the price of labor to the level of their own condition. This will partially explain why Oregon has turned a deaf ear to the appeal of the administration, and other Pacific states will do likewise when the opportunity presents itself.

This question is most alarming to them, for the reason they will first feel the effects of it. And it is likewise true this danger is staring the whole country in the face, and every laborer, and that does not apply only to the man who hires his time to another at so much per day, but to all the toiling classes, who are engaged in legitimate enterprises where his own labor is employed as well.

REPEAL OF THE BLANKET BALLOT LAW

The last legislature which was republican, repealed what was known as the blanket ballot law. This law was passed by a reform legislature. As will be remembered this law provided for a circle at the top of the ticket, with the emblem of the party above the circle. By making a cross in the circle the voter was thus enabled to vote the ticket straight. If, however, he desired not to vote, the ticket straight he could make his cross opposite the candidates he desired to vote for, as the law now provides. It has been proven that fully ninety-five per cent of the voters made the cross in the circle when they had the opportunity. Under the present ballot law the names of the candidates must appear on the ticket in alphabetical order, and it has been proven the candidate whose name commences with a letter near the last of the alphabet does not receive on the state vote, by several thousand as many as does the candidate whose name commences with a letter near the beginning of the alphabet, in this way there is a discrimination against those whose names come last. By making the cross in the circle, this is largely overcome.

There is another bad feature in the law and that is, in the cities it requires the clerk to ask each person who registers his vote, to give his politics. This makes it exceedingly obnoxious to many who are employees, as they do not want their politics known. This action destroys all of the objects of the Australian ballot, which provided for the voter the secrecy he regards as a safe guard in casting his vote without it being known how he voted.

To the surprise of all the reform forces, Governor Poynter signed the law which repealed the law with the circle at the top of the ticket as was passed by our reform legislature, the one he signed was passed by the republican legislature.

Republicans Are in Favor of Bounties.

The question of voting bounties, subsidies and bonds has been one of the characteristics of the Republican party; they have ever been ready to appropriate the people's money or obligate the people to pay the amounts, their friends the corporations, might ask for; and even in Nebraska we have been called upon to meet the efforts of the slick schemer, who would conceive of some new plan or idea, that could not be carried without assistance, or some other locality was bidding against this or that place for some new enterprise and they were willing to raise so much money in order to secure the coveted prize. This is the well known record of the Republican leaders in each county or place where these emergencies were to be met.

The Republicans were successful in getting a law passed which provided for a bounty to be paid to the sugar beet growers and manufacturers by the state, and after doing so the sugar beet manufacturers were the principal growers, as the crop of beets could not be used only as the manufacturer might see fit.

The following years the reform forces of the state succeeded in electing the legislature and they were not in favor of voting the people's money to these parasites, and therefore refused to make appropriations to meet claims that had been filed with the state auditor, amounting to about one hundred thousand dollars, and this reform legislature of 1897 looked upon the law as being dangerous and repealed the same.

To the great surprise of the reform forces when Governor Poynter was elected and in his first message to the legislature he recommended the payment of the amount above mentioned. This request was made to a Republican

legislature, and they had the votes to pass the bill and had the assurance the governor would sign the same, but with the fight that was put up against the appropriation by the reform forces the Republicans concluded it would be bad politics and they refused to give it the support it required.

The Best Men Must be Chosen For the Legislature.

As the time approaches for the opening up of the campaign we become more and more interested in knowing what the result will be. We have looked forward to this time since the day after the election when Mr. Bryan was defeated in 1896. It was believed then and nothing, has transpired since to change that conviction, that through fraud, which was perpetrated by designing persons, was McKinley elected president of the United States. It has been substantiated, beyond a doubt that the great moneyed interests of the country most liberally contributed to a fund for that purpose, and it is known that this fund was most lavishly distributed by and under the direction of one who, since that time, has been honored for his services with the United States senatorship.

The election of two United States senators by the votes of the next legislature will greatly add to the interest of the campaign, while we elect all the state officers together with six congressmen, making it absolutely necessary that the reform forces of this state be prepared to meet the emergency when it comes. We must first make such nominations in all cases as will meet with the approval of the parties. A fair and equitable division among the reform parties is necessary and no one can object to this.

The greatest fear we entertain is in securing men in the various representative and senatorial districts who will be strong with the people, for it must not be overlooked that our majority in many of the districts that are considered safe, are small, and any district in which the majority does not reach over 200, should be placed in the doubtful column, likewise if the Republicans have carried a district by less than 200, we should then consider we have a good fighting chance to elect in such a district, providing we make strong nominations.

The result will be with this class of legislators that we will be able to pass some good laws which are badly needed and repeal others that are very obnoxious.

If we elect the legislature we have won the fight. Yes, I want to impress upon the minds of our people that with 133 candidates distributed over the state as they are, it is the most potent factor in the campaign. They are the bulwark in the contest. They are able to give to the state and congressional ticket more assistance than can possibly be given by the latter—[The State Committee of the People's Party.

A Good Cough Medicine.

It speaks well for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy when druggists use it in their own families in preference to any other. "I have sold Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for the past five years with complete satisfaction to myself and customers," says Druggist J. Goldsmith, Van Etten, N. Y. "I have always used it in my own family both for ordinary coughs and colds and for the cough following la grippe, and find it very efficacious." For sale by Quigley & Chapman, druggists.

173 PER CENT. ANNUALLY.

That's the Profit—Copper, the Article—Mexico, the Country.

"El Progreso" in its group of six mines has some of the richest copper ores in the richest mining country in the world. Ore runs 12 per cent copper, fine grade, a trace of gold, total value, about \$43 a ton, and in two of the mines, in addition to copper and silver, ore contains 3 per cent to 5 per cent antimony or arsenic, about \$105 a ton. The great Lake Superior copper mines—Calumet, and Hecla, Wolverine and Tamarack, Quincy, etc.—that annually return millions, run only from \$3 to \$15 a ton. Boston and Montana six years ago sold for \$15 a share, to-day, \$275, paying 240 per cent on the investment. United Verde sold for \$5 a share, today stock not in the market and pays \$8,000 per cent on investment.

Calumet and Hecla sold for \$1 a share, to-day worth \$800, and pays on investment 10,000 per cent. Entire capital stock of United Verde was offered for \$150,000 and refused. Senator Clark, later, paid \$200,000, and to-day he has annual income from this property of over \$13,000,000. If this is possible here with labor six times higher than in Mexico, with ore five times less valuable, with fuel five times dearer, and every thing else in proportion, do you doubt that El Progreso will return 173 per cent and more, annually, to original investors, to first stockholders who contribute the money to start "the ball rolling," who are on the "ground floor," the people, the language, lived there 18 years, and know the mines of this section of Mexico, and unhesitatingly state El Progreso is the best, have been worked for generations in a Mexican way, and supplied the copper for the surrounding country. No attempt was ever made to extract the gold, silver or quartz silver.

A modern 40-ton concentrating and smelting plant—costing only the \$45 ore—will return \$400,000 per annum; thus \$45, \$10 for treatment, equals \$355 a ton equals \$1,220 a day, for 300 days equals \$366,000. This will yield 20 per cent on \$1,000,000 total capitalization. Par value of shares \$1.00. 900,000 shares are treasury stock, and 40,000 of this to be sold very low to raise money to start things when price will be greatly advanced—100,000 at 12c (all sold), 100,000 at 15c, 100,000 at 20c, 100,000 at 25c.

Dividend multiplied by No. of shares of purchase shares Annual \$1.00 show annual profit. 150,000 @ 173 Per Ct. = 25,950,000 173 Per Ct. 200,000 @ 130 Per Ct. = 26,000,000 130 Per Ct. 250,000 @ 104 Per Ct. = 26,000,000 104 Per Ct. 300,000 @ 82 Per Ct. = 24,600,000 82 Per Ct. 350,000 @ 52 Per Ct. = 18,200,000 52 Per Ct. 400,000 @ 26 Per Ct. = 10,400,000 26 Per Ct. The best chance ever offered of securing stock in a legitimate copper mining enterprise. Send for prospectus. Organized company on a plan to give a chance to all—big and little, rich and poor, great and small, none need be excluded. If quick, you can own 5 shares for every dollar you remit. DAVID B. RUSSELL, President. El Progreso Copper Mining Co., 33 Wall Street, New York.

J. C. DWYER

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Superintendent of a—

Private Hospital

For the Treatment of Diseases—All

Kinds of Surgical Operations

Successfully Performed.

VALENTINE NEBRASKA

Speaking About Eyes



DON'T FOOL AWAY YOUR MONEY going to a Specialist (who is generally a fraud) for ordinary trouble with your eyes. Get your eyes fitted by a man with experience who knows exactly how to fit you.

O. W. MOREY, the Jeweler has had 22 years experience. If you need a specialist he will tell you so.

J. S. ESTABROOK

COUNTY

SURVEYOR

All work executed with promptness

and accuracy

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Office at Quigley's Drug Store.

Nights—Upstairs—Red Front

Valentine House

J. A. HOOTON, Prop.

Recently opened and newly furnished.

Not a restaurant, but a hotel.

\$1.00 PER DAY

The best of viands and treatment given

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First Door South of Bank of Valentine

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Valentine, Nebraska

Practices in District Court and U. S. Land

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Hair cutting and shaving.

HOT AND GOLD BATHS.

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I AM NOW READY

FOR BUSINESS

With a nice selection of Watches and Jewelry. All kinds of Repairing and Engraving done promptly and warranted.

J. F. INGALLS, AINSWORTH

Taken Up.

About 6 miles north of Wood Lake,

1 bay mare branded HD on left

shoulder; 1 sorrel mare, no brands;

and 1 iron gray colt (mare) branded

O on right hind leg. F. WELKE.

June 2, 1900.

A sawlow, jaundiced skin is a symptom of disordered liver; as it springs from biliary poisons retained in the blood, which destroy energy, cheerfulness, strength, vigor, happiness and life. Herbine will restore the natural functions of the liver. Price 50c. Quigley & Chapman, druggists.

W. E. Haley

Valentine Neb

Brand registered

No 200

Range in Shaps

Ranch and German

precincts 5 miles

south of Kilgore

N. S. Rowley

Kennedy, Nebr.

Same as cut on left

side and hip, and on

left shoulder of horse.

Also on left side of

hip.

O on right hip and

N on left side.

C on left hip of horses.

Marquardt & Bowles

OTTO STRUBB, Manager.

Merriman, Neb

Cattle brand OM on

left shoulder. Some

of cattle have various

older brands. OS on

left hip. Horse brand

A on left shoulder.

Range—Formerly

Geo W Monnier

Ranch 5 miles east of

Merriman, from F. E.

& M. V. R. R. south to Leander Creek. Mar-

quardt & Bowles, Scribner, Nebraska.

Prideaux Sanford

Kennedy, Neb

Stock branded on

left side

Horses branded

on left shoulder

H SCHULTZ

Postoffice address

McCann Neb

Stock branded as on

cut

Range—North and

south of Georgia

MORRIS JANIES

Postoffice address

Rosebud, S. D.

Cattle branded on

left side as on cut

Horses

on left thigh

Range on

Rock Creek

Henry Pratt

Rosebud S. D.

Left side